



The original of this book is in the Cornell University Library.

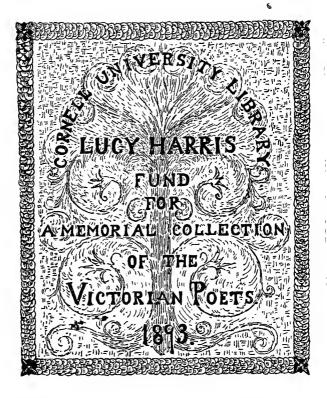
There are no known copyright restrictions in the United States on the use of the text.

http://www.archive.org/details/cu31924097556900



In compliance with current copyright law, Cornell University Library produced this replacement volume on paper that meets the ANSI Standard Z39.48-1992 to replace the irreparably deteriorated original.





MM CACT

RESPONSIBILITIES

AND OTHER POEMS

ų

. . .



MACMILLAN AND CO., LIMITED LONDON - BOMBAY - CALCUTTA - MADRAS MELBOURNE

THE MACMILLAN COMPANY NEW YORK - BOSTON - CHICAGO DALLAS - SAN FRANCISCO

THE MACMILLAN CO. OF CANADA, LTD. TORONTO

RESPONSIBILITIES

AND OTHER POEMS

BY

WILLIAM BUTLER YEATS

MACMILLAN AND CO., LIMITED ST. MARTIN'S STREET, LONDON

> 1917 N

A459816 (1917)

COPYRIGHT

Printed 1916 Reprinted 1917

,

CONTENTS

DACT

RESPONSIBILITIES, 1912-1914-	PAGR
INTRODUCTORY RHYMES	. 1
THE GREY ROCK	. 3
THE TWO KINGS	. 11
To a Wealthy Man	. 29
SEPTEMBER 1913 .	. 32
TO A FRIEND WHOSE WORK HA	AS COME
to Nothing	. 34
PAUDEEN	. 35
TO A SHADE	. 3 6
WHEN HELEN LIVED	. 39
THE ATTACK ON 'THE PLAYBOY	OF THE
WESTERN WORLD,' 1907 .	. 40
THE THREE BEGGARS	. 41
THE THREE HERMITS	. 45
BEGGAR TO BEGGAR CRIED .	. 47
THE WELL AND THE TREE .	. 49
RUNNING TO PARADISE	. 50

CONTENTS

					PAGE
	THE HOUR BEFORE D	DAWN	•		52
	THE PLAYER QUEEN	•	•		59
	THE REALISTS .	•	•		61
	THE WITCH .	•	•	•	62
	THE PEACOCK .		•		63
	THE MOUNTAIN TOME	з.	•		64
	To a Child DANCING	IN THI	e Wind		66
	Two Years Later				67
	A MEMORY OF YOUT	н.	•	•	68
	FALLEN MAJESTY		•		70
	FRIENDS	•	•		71
	THE COLD HEAVEN		•		73
	THAT THE NIGHT CON	ME.	٠	•	75
	AN APPOINTMENT		c		76
	THE MAGE .				77
	THE DOLLS .		í		78
	А Солт .	•			80
	CLOSING RHYMES.		•		81
Fr	om the Green Helme	T AND C	THER POL	EMS,	
	1909-1912-				
	HIS DREAM .	•			85
	A Woman Homer su	JNG			87
	THE CONSOLATION				89
	-No Second Troy				91

vi

CONTENTS	vii
RECONCILIATION	page 92
King and No King	94
Реасе	9 6
Against Unworthy Praise	97
THE FASCINATION OF WHAT'S DIFFICULT	99
A DRINKING SONG	101
THE COMING OF WISDOM WITH TIME .	102
On hearing that the Students of ou	R
New University have joined th	E
Ancient Order of Hibernians .	103
То а Роет	104
The Mask	105
Upon a House shaken by the Land	
Agitation	106
AT THE ABBEY THEATRE	108
THESE ARE THE CLOUDS	110
AT GALWAY RACES	112
A FRIEND'S ILLNESS	113
ALL THINGS CAN TEMPT ME	114
THE YOUNG MAN'S SONG	115
THE HOUR-GLASS-1912	117
Notes	181

RESPONSIBILITIES

'In dreams begins responsibility.' Old Play.

The survey of the state of the

'How am I fallen from myself, for a long time now

I have not seen the Prince of Chang in my dreams.'

Khoung-fou-tseu.

- **PARDON**, old fathers, if you still remain Somewhere in ear-shot for the story's end.
- Old Dublin merchant ' free of ten and four '
- Or trading out of Galway into Spain;
- And country scholar, Robert Emmet's friend,
- A hundred-year-old memory to the poor; Traders or soldiers who have left me blood
- That has not passed through any huxter's loin.
- Pardon, and you that did not weigh the cost,
- Old Butlers when you took to horse and stood

Beside the brackish waters of the Boyne Till your bad master blenched and all was lost : A.

 $[\]mathbf{B}$

- **PARDON**, old fathers, if you still remain Somewhere in ear-shot for the story's end.
- Old Dublin merchant ' free of ten and four '
- Or trading out of Galway into Spain;
- And country scholar, Robert Emmet's friend,
- A hundred-year-old memory to the poor; Traders or soldiers who have left me blood
- That has not passed through any huxter's loin.
- Pardon, and you that did not weigh the cost.
- Old Butlers when you took to horse and stood

Beside the brackish waters of the Boyne Till your bad master blenched and all was lost; Æ в

- You merchant skipper that leaped overboard
- After a ragged hat in Biscay Bay,
- You most of all, silent and fierce old man
- Because you were the spectacle that stirred
- My fancy, and set my boyish lips to say 'Only the wasteful virtues earn the sun';
- Pardon that for a barren passion's sake, Although I have come close on fortynine
- I have no child, I have nothing but a book,
- Nothing but that to prove your blood and mine.

January 1914.

THE GREY ROCK

POETS with whom I learned my trade, Companions of the Cheshire Cheese, Here's an old story I've re-made, Imagining 'twould better please Your ears than stories now in fashion, Though you may think I waste my breath

Pretending that there can be passion That has more life in it than death, And though at bottling of your wine The bow-legged Goban had no say; The moral's yours because it's mine.

When cups went round at close of day—

Is not that how good stories run ?— Somewhere within some hollow hill, If books speak truth in Slievenamon, But let that be, the gods were still And sleepy, having had their meal, And smoky torches made a glare On painted pillars, on a deal Of fiddles and of flutes hung there By the ancient holy hands that brought

them

From murmuring Murias, on cups-

Old Goban hammered them and wrought them,

And put his pattern round their tops To hold the wine they buy of him.

But from the juice that made them wise

All those had lifted up the dim Imaginations of their eyes,

For one that was like woman made Before their sleepy eyelids ran And trembling with her passion said,

'Come out and dig for a dead man,

Who's burrowing somewhere in the ground,

And mock him to his face and then Hollo him on with horse and hound, For he is the worst of all dead men.'

We should be dazed and terror struck, If we but saw in dreams that room, Those wine-drenched eyes, and curse our luck

That emptied all our days to come. I knew a woman none could please, Because she dreamed when but a child Of men and women made like these; And after, when her blood ran wild, Had ravelled her own story out, And said, 'In two or in three years I need must marry some poor lout,' And having said it burst in tears. Since, tavern comrades, you have died, Maybe your images have stood, Mere bone and muscle thrown aside, Before that roomful or as good. You had to face your ends when young— 'Twas wine or women, or some curse—

THE GREY ROCK

But never made a poorer song That you might have a heavier purse, Nor gave loud service to a cause That you might have a troop of friends. You kept the Muses' sterner laws, And unrepenting faced your ends, And therefore earned the right—and yet Dowson and Johnson most I praise— To troop with those the world's forgot, And copy their proud steady gaze.

'The Danish troop was driven out

Between the dawn and dusk,' she said;

'Although the event was long in doubt,

Although the King of Ireland's dead And half the kings, before sundown All was accomplished.'

'When this day Murrough, the King of Ireland's son, Foot after foot was giving way,

He and his best troops back to back Had perished there, but the Danes ran, Stricken with panic from the attack, The shouting of an unseen man; And being thankful Murrough found, Led by a footsole dipped in blood That had made prints upon the ground, Where by old thorn trees that man stood;

- And though when he gazed here and there,
- He had but gazed on thorn trees, spoke,

"Who is the friend that seems but air And yet could give so fine a stroke ?" Thereon a young man met his eye, Who said, "Because she held me in Her love, and would not have me die, Rock-nurtured Aoife took a pin, And pushing it into my shirt, Promised that for a pin's sake, No man should see to do me hurt; But there it's gone; I will not take 8

The fortune that had been my shame Seeing, King's son, what wounds you have."

'Twas roundly spoke, but when night came

He had betrayed me to his grave, For he and the King's son were dead. I'd promised him two hundred years, And when for all I'd done or said— And these immortal eyes shed tears— He claimed his country's need was most.

I'd saved his life, yet for the sake Of a new friend he has turned a ghost. What does he care if my heart break ? I call for spade and horse and hound That we may harry him.' Thereon She cast herself upon the ground And rent her clothes and made her moan :

- 'Why are they faithless when their might
- Is from the holy shades that rove

The grey rock and the windy light?

The bitter sweetness of false faces ?

Why must the lasting love what passes,

Why are the gods by men betrayed !'

But thereon every god stood up With a slow smile and without sound, And stretching forth his arm and cup To where she moaned upon the ground,

Suddenly drenched her to the skin; And she with Goban's wine adrip, No more remembering what had been, Stared at the gods with laughing lip.

I have kept my faith, though faith was tried,

To that rock-born, rock-wandering foot, And the world's altered since you died, And I am in no good repute

Why should the faithfullest heart most love

10 THE GREY ROCK

With the loud host before the sea, That think sword strokes were better meant

Than lover's music—let that be, So that the wandering foot's content.

THE TWO KINGS

- KING EOCHAID came at sundown to a wood
- Westward of Tara. Hurrying to his queen

He had out-ridden his war-wasted men

- That with empounded cattle trod the mire;
- And where beech trees had mixed a pale green light
- With the ground-ivy's blue, he saw a stag
- Whiter than curds, its eyes the tint of the sea.
- Because it stood upon his path and seemed
- More hands in height than any stag in the world

- He sat with tightened rein and loosened mouth
- Upon his trembling horse, then drove the spur;
- But the stag stooped and ran at him, and passed,
- Rending the horse's flank. King Eochaid reeled
- Then drew his sword to hold its levelled point
- Against the stag. When horn and steel were met
- The horn resounded as though it had been silver,
- A sweet, miraculous, terrifying sound.
- Horn locked in sword, they tugged and struggled there
- As though a stag and unicorn were met
- In Africa on Mountain of the Moon,
- Until at last the double horns, drawn backward,

Butted below the single and so pierced

- The entrails of the horse. Dropping his sword
- King Eochaid seized the horns in his strong hands
- And stared into the sea-green eye, and so

Hither and thither to and fro they trod

Till all the place was beaten into mire.

- The strong thigh and the agile thigh were met,
- The hands that gathered up the might of the world,
- And hoof and horn that had sucked in their speed

Amid the elaborate wilderness of the air.

- Through bush they plunged and over ivied root,
- And where the stone struck fire, while in the leaves
- A squirrel whinnied and a bird screamed out;
- But when at last he forced those sinewy flanks

- Against a beech bole, he threw down the beast
- And knelt above it with drawn knife. On the instant
- It vanished like a shadow, and a cry
- So mournful that it seemed the cry of one
- Who had lost some unimaginable treasure
- Wandered between the blue and the green leaf
- And climbed into the air, crumbling away,
- Till all had seemed a shadow or a vision
- But for the trodden mire, the pool of blood,
- The disembowelled horse.

King Eochaid ran,

Toward peopled Tara, nor stood to draw his breath

Until he came before the painted wall, The posts of polished yew, circled with bronze,

- Of the great door; but though the hanging lamps
- Showed their faint light through the unshuttered windows,
- Nor door, nor mouth, nor slipper made a noise,
- Nor on the ancient beaten paths, that wound
- From well-side or from plough-land, was there noise;
- And there had been no sound of living thing

Before him or behind, but that far-off On the horizon edge bellowed the herds. Knowing that silence brings no good to kings,

- Between the pillars with a beating heart
- And saw where in the midst of the great hall
- Pale-faced, alone upon a bench, Edain

And mocks returning victory, he passed

16 THE TWO KINGS

- Sat upright with a sword before her feet.
- Her hands on either side had gripped the bench,
- Her eyes were cold and steady, her lips tight.
- Some passion had made her stone. Hearing a foot
- She started and then knew whose foot it was;
- But when he thought to take her in his arms
- She motioned him afar, and rose and spoke :
- I have sent among the fields or to the woods
- The fighting men and servants of this house,
- For I would have your judgment upon one

Who is self-accused. If she be innocent

She would not look in any known man's face

- Till judgment has been given, and if guilty,
- Will never look again on known man's face.'
- And at these words he paled, as she had paled,
- Knowing that he should find upon her lips
- The meaning of that monstrous day.

Then she :

- 'You brought me where your brother Ardan sat
- Always in his one seat, and bid me care him
- Through that strange illness that had fixed him there,
- And should he die to heap his burial mound
- And carve his name in Ogham.' Eochaid said,
- 'He lives?' 'He lives and is a healthy man.'

18 THE TWO KINGS

- While I have him and you it matters little
- What man you have lost, what evil you have found.'

'I bid them make his bed under this roof

- And carried him his food with my own hands,
- And so the weeks passed by. But when I said
- "What is this trouble?" he would answer nothing,
- Though always at my words his trouble grew;
- And I but asked the more, till he cried out,
- Weary of many questions: "There are things
- That make the heart akin to the dumb stone."
- Then I replied : "Although you hide a secret,
- Hopeless and dear, or terrible to think on,

Speak it, that I may send through the wide world

For medicine." Thereon he cried aloud :

"Day after day you question me, and I. Because there is such a storm amid

my thoughts

I shall be carried in the gust, command, Forbid, beseech and waste my breath."

Then I.

- "Although the thing that you have hid were evil.
- The speaking of it could be no great wrong,
- And evil must it be, if done 'twere worse
- Than mound and stone that keep all virtue in.
- And loosen on us dreams that waste our life.
- Shadows and shows that can but turn the brain."
- But finding him still silent I stooped down

And whispering that none but he should hear,

Said: "If a woman has put this on you,

- My men, whether it please her or displease,
- And though they have to cross the Loughlan waters
- And take her in the middle of armed men,
- Shall make her look upon her handiwork,
- That she may quench the rick she has fired; and though
- She may have worn silk clothes, or worn a crown,
- She'll not be proud, knowing within her heart

That our sufficient portion of the world Is that we give, although it be brief giving,

Happiness to children and to men." Then he, driven by his thought beyond his thought,

- And speaking what he would not though he would,
- Sighed : "You, even you yourself, could work the cure ! "
- And at those words I rose and I went out
- And for nine days he had food from other hands,
- And for nine days my mind went whirling round

The one disastrous zodiac, muttering That the immedicable mound's beyond Our questioning, beyond our pity even. But when nine days had gone I stood again

- Before his chair and bending down my head
- Told him, that when Orion rose, and all
- The women of his household were asleep,
- To go—for hope would give his limbs the power—

- To an old empty woodman's house that's hidden
- Close to a clump of beech trees in the wood
- Westward of Tara, there to await a friend
- That could, as he had told her, work his cure

And would be no harsh friend.

When night had deepened,

- I groped my way through boughs, and over roots,
- Till oak and hazel ceased and beech began,
- And found the house, a sputtering torch within,
- And stretched out sleeping on a pile of skins
- Ardan, and though I called to him and tried
- To shake him out of sleep, I could not rouse him.
- I waited till the night was on the turn,

- Then fearing that some labourer, on his way
- To plough or pasture-land, might see me there,
- Went out.

Among the ivy-covered rocks, As on the blue light of a sword, a man Who had unnatural majesty, and eyes Like the eyes of some great kite scouring the woods,

Stood on my path. Trembling from head to foot

I gazed at him like grouse upon a kite; But with a voice that had unnatural music,

- "A weary wooing and a long," he said,
- "Speaking of love through other lips and looking
- Under the eyelids of another, for it was my craft

That put a passion in the sleeper there, And when I had got my will and drawn you here,

- Where I may speak to you alone, my craft
- Sucked up the passion out of him again
- And left mere sleep. He'll wake when the sun wakes,
- Push out his vigorous limbs and rub his eyes,
- And wonder what has ailed him these twelve months."

I cowered back upon the wall in terror,

- But that sweet-sounding voice ran on : "Woman,
- I was your husband when you rode the air,
- Danced in the whirling foam and in the dust,

In days you have not kept in memory,

- Being betrayed into a cradle, and I come
- That I may claim you as my wife again."
- I was no longer terrified, his voice

- Had half awakened some old memory,
- Yet answered him: "I am King Eochaid's wife
- And with him have found every happiness
- Women can find." With a most masterful voice,
- That made the body seem as it were a string
- Under a bow, he cried: "What happiness
- Can lovers have that know their happiness
- Must end at the dumb stone? But where we build
- Our sudden palaces in the still air
- Pleasure itself can bring no weariness,
- Nor can time waste the cheek, nor is there foot
- That has grown weary of the whirling dance,
- Nor an unlaughing mouth, but mine that mourns,

- Among those mouths that sing their sweathearts' praise,
- Your empty bed." "How should I love," I answered,
- "Were it not that when the dawn has lit my bed
- And shown my husband sleeping there, I have sighed,
- 'Your strength and nobleness will pass away.'
- Or how should love be worth its pains were it not
- That when he has fallen asleep within my arms,
- Being wearied out, I love in man the child?
- What can they know of love that do not know
- She builds her nest upon a narrow ledge

Above a windy precipice?" Then he:

"Seeing that when you come to the death-bed You must return, whether you would or no,

This human life blotted from memory,

Why must I live some thirty, forty years,

Alone with all this useless happiness?"

- Thereon he seized me in his arms, but I
- Thrust him away with both my hands and cried,
- "Never will I believe there is any change
- Can blot out of my memory this life
- Sweetened by death, but if I could believe

That were a double hunger in my lips For what is doubly brief."

And now the shape, My hands were pressed to, vanished suddenly.

I staggered, but a beech tree stayed my fall,

And clinging to it I could hear the cocks

Crow upon Tara.'

King Eochaid bowed his head And thanked her for her kindness to his brother,

- For that she promised, and for that refused.
- Thereon the bellowing of the empounded herds
- Rose round the walls, and through the bronze-ringed door
- Jostled and shouted those war-wasted men,
- And in the midst King Eochaid's brother stood.
- He'd heard that din on the horizon's edge
- And ridden towards it, being ignorant.

TO A WEALTHY MAN WHO PROMISED A SECOND SUBSCRIPTION TO THE DUBLIN MUNICIPAL GALLERY IF IT WERE PROVED THE PEOPLE WANTED PICTURES.

You gave but will not give again Until enough of Paudeen's pence By Biddy's halfpennies have lain To be ' some sort of evidence,' Before you'll put your guineas down, That things it were a pride to give Are what the blind and ignorant town Imagines best to make it thrive. What cared Duke Ercole, that bid His mummers to the market place, What th' onion-sellers thought or did So that his Plautus set the pace For the Italian comedies ? And Guidobaldo, when he made That grammar school of courtesies Where wit and beauty learned their trade

Upon Urbino's windy hill,

Had sent no runners to and fro

That he might learn the shepherds' will.

And when they drove out Cosimo, Indifferent how the rancour ran, He gave the hours they had set free To Michelozzo's latest plan For the San Marco Library, Whence turbulent Italy should draw Delight in Art whose end is peace, In logic and in natural law By sucking at the dugs of Greece.

Your open hand but shows our loss, For he knew better how to live.

Let Paudeens play at pitch and toss,

Look up in the sun's eye and give What the exultant heart calls good

TO A WEALTHY MAN 31

- That some new day may breed the best
- Because you gave, not what they would
- But the right twigs for an eagle's nest !

December 1912.

SEPTEMBER 1913

WHAT need you, being come to sense, But fumble in a greasy till And add the halfpence to the pence And prayer to shivering prayer, until You have dried the marrow from the bone;

For men were born to pray and save : Romantic Ireland's dead and gone, It's with O'Leary in the grave.

Yet they were of a different kind

The names that stilled your childish play,

They have gone about the world like wind,

But little time had they to pray

For whom the hangman's rope was spun,

And what, God help us, could they save:

Romantic Ireland's dead and gone, It's with O'Leary in the grave.

Was it for this the wild geese spread The grey wing upon every tide; For this that all that blood was shed, For this Edward Fitzgerald died, And Robert Emmet and Wolfe Tone, All that delirium of the brave; Romantic Ireland's dead and gone, It's with O'Leary in the grave.

Yet could we turn the years again, And call those exiles as they were, In all their loneliness and pain You'd cry 'Some woman's yellow hair Has maddened every mother's son ': They weighed so lightly what they gave,

But let them be, they're dead and gone, They're with O'Leary in the grave.

TO A FRIEND WHOSE WORK HAS COME TO NOTHING

Now all the truth is out. Be secret and take defeat From any brazen throat, For how can you compete, Being honour bred, with one Who, were it proved he lies, Were neither shamed in his own-Nor in his neighbours' eyes? Bred to a harder thing Than Triumph, turn away And like a laughing string Whereon mad fingers play Amid a place of stone, Be secret and exult. Because of all things known That is most difficult.

PAUDEEN

- INDIGNANT at the fumbling wits, the obscure spite
- Of our old Paudeen in his shop, I stumbled blind
- Among the stones and thorn trees, under morning light;
- Until a curlew cried and in the luminous wind
- A curlew answered; and suddenly thereupon I thought
- That on the lonely height where all are in God's eye,
- There cannot be, confusion of our sound forgot,
- A single soul that lacks a sweet crystaline cry.

TO A SHADE

IF you have revisited the town, thin Shade,

Whether to look upon your monument

- (I wonder if the builder has been paid)
- Or happier thoughted when the day is spent
- To drink of that salt breath out of the sea
- When grey gulls flit about instead of men,

And the gaunt houses put on majesty :

- Let these content you and be gone again;
- For they are at their old tricks yet.

A man

Of your own passionate serving kind who had brought

- In his full hands what, had they only known,
- Had given their children's children loftier thought,
- Sweeter emotion, working in their veins
- Like gentle blood, has been driven from the place,
- And insult heaped upon him for his pains
- And for his open-handedness, disgrace;
- An old foul mouth that slandered you had set
- The pack upon him.

- And gather the Glasnevin coverlet
- About your head till the dust stops your ear,
- The time for you to taste of that salt breath
- And listen at the corners has not come;

٢

٢

Go unquiet wanderer

You had enough of sorrow before death—

Away, away! You are safer in the tomb.

.

September 29th, 1913,

WHEN HELEN LIVED

WE have cried in our despair That men desert, For some trivial affair Or noisy, insolent, sport, Beauty that we have won From bitterest hours; Yet we, had we walked within Those topless towers Where Helen walked with her boy, Had given but as the rest Of the men and women of Troy, A word and a jest.

ON THOSE THAT HATED 'THE PLAY-BOY OF THE WESTERN WORLD,' 1907

ONCE, when midnight smote the air, Eunuchs ran through Hell and met From thoroughfare to thoroughfare, While that great Juan galloped by; And like these to rail and sweat Staring upon his sinewy thigh.

THE THREE BEGGARS

Though to my feathers in the wet,
I have stood here from break of day,
I have not found a thing to eat
For only rubbish comes my way.
Am I to live on lebeen-lone?'
Muttered the old crane of Gort.
For all my pains on lebeen-lone.'

King Guari walked amid his court
The palace-yard and river-side
And there to three old beggars said:
You that have wandered far and wide
Can ravel out what's in my head.
Do men who least desire get most,

Or get the most who most desire ?'

A beggar said : 'They get the most

42 THE THREE BEGGARS

Whom man or devil cannot tire, And what could make their muscles taut

Unless desire had made them so.'
But Guari laughed with secret thought,
' If that be true as it seems true,
One of you three is a rich man,
For he shall have a thousand pounds
Who is first asleep, if but he can
Sleep before the third noon sounds.'
And thereon merry as a bird,
With his old thoughts King Guari went.

From river-side and palace-yard And left them to their argument. 'And if I win,' one beggar said, 'Though I am old I shall persuade A pretty girl to share my bed'; The second: 'I shall learn a trade'; The third: 'I'll hurry to the course Among the other gentlemen, And lay it all upon a horse'; The second: 'I have thought again: A farmer has more dignity.' One to another sighed and cried : The exorbitant dreams of beggary, That idleness had borne to pride, Sang through their teeth from noon to noon :

And when the second twilight brought The frenzy of the beggars' moon

- They closed their blood-shot eyes for naught.
- One beggar cried : 'You're shamming sleep,'
- And thereupon their anger grew Till they were whirling in a heap.
- They'd mauled and bitten the night through

Or sat upon their heels to rail, And when old Guari came and stood Before the three to end this tale,

They were commingling lice and blood. 'Time's up,' he cried, and all the three

44 THE THREE BEGGARS

With blood-shot eyes upon him stared. 'Time's up,' he cried, and all the three

Fell down upon the dust and snored.

Maybe I shall be lucky yet, Now they are silent,' said the crane.
Though to my feathers in the wet I've stood as I were made of stone And seen the rubbish run about, It's certain there are trout somewhere And maybe I shall take a trout If but I do not seem to care.'

THE THREE HERMITS

THREE old hermits took the air By a cold and desolate sea, First was muttering a prayer, Second rummaged for a flea; On a windy stone, the third, Giddy with his hundredth year, Sang unnoticed like a bird. ' Though the Door of Death is near And what waits behind the door, Three times in a single day I, though upright on the shore, Fall asleep when I should pray.' So the first but now the second, ' We're but given what we have earned

When all thoughts and deeds are reckoned

46 THE THREE HERMITS

So it's plain to be discerned That the shades of holy men, Who have failed being weak of will, Pass the Door of Birth again, And are plagued by crowds, until They've the passion to escape.' Moaned the other, 'They are thrown Into some most fearful shape.' But the second mocked his moan : 'They are not changed to anything, Having loved God once, but maybe, To a poet or a king Or a witty lovely lady.' While he'd rummaged rags and hair, Caught and cracked his flea, the third, Giddy with his hundredth year Sang unnoticed like a bird.

BEGGAR TO BEGGAR CRIED

- 'TIME to put off the world and go somewhere
- And find my health again in the sea air,'
- Beggar to beggar cried, being frenzystruck,
- 'And make my soul before my pate is bare.'

'And get a comfortable wife and house To rid me of the devil in my shoes,' Beggar to beggar cried, being frenzystruck,

- 'And the worse devil that is between my thighs.'
- [•] And though I'd marry with a comely lass,

48 BEGGAR TO BEGGAR CRIED

- She need not be too comely—let it pass,'
- Beggar to beggar cried, being frenzystruck,
- But there's a devil in a lookingglass.'
- 'Nor should she be too rich, because the rich
- Are driven by wealth as beggars by the itch,'
- Beggar to beggar cried, being frenzystruck,
- 'And cannot have a humorous happy speech.'
- 'And there I'll grow respected at my ease,
- And hear amid the garden's nightly peace,'
- Beggar to beggar cried, being frenzystruck,
- 'The wind-blown clamour of the barnacle-geese.'

THE WELL AND THE TREE

'THE Man that I praise,' Cries out the empty well, 'Lives all his days Where a hand on the bell Can call the milch-cows To the comfortable door of his house. Who but an idiot would praise Dry stones in a well?'

'The Man that I praise,'
Cries out the leafless tree,
'Has married and stays
By an old hearth, and he
On naught has set store
But children and dogs on the floor.
Who but an idiot would praise
A withered tree?'

49

RUNNING TO PARADISE

As I came over Windy Gap They threw a halfpenny into my cap, For I am running to Paradise; And all that I need do is to wish And somebody puts his hand in the dish To throw me a bit of salted fish :

And there the king is but as the beggar.

My brother Mourteen is worn out With skelping his big brawling lout, And I am running to Paradise; A poor life do what he can, And though he keep a dog and a gun, A serving maid and a serving man: And there the king *is* but as the beggar. Poor men have grown to be rich men,
And rich men grown to be poor again,
And I am running to Paradise;
And many a darling wit's grown dull
That tossed a bare heel when at school,
Now it has filled an old sock full:
And there the king *is* but as the beggar.

The wind is old and still at play While I must hurry upon my way, For I am running to Paradise; Yet never have I lit on a friend To take my fancy like the wind That nobody can buy or bind: And there the king *is* but as the beggar.

A ONE-LEGGED, one-armed, one-eyed man,

A bundle of rags upon a crutch, Stumbled on windy Cruachan Cursing the wind. It was as much As the one sturdy leg could do To keep him upright while he cursed. He had counted, where long years ago Queen Maeve's nine Maines had been nursed,

A pair of lapwings, one old sheep And not a house to the plain's edge, When close to his right hand a heap Of grey stones and a rocky ledge Reminded him that he could make, If he but shifted a few stones, A shelter till the daylight broke.

But while he fumbled with the stones They toppled over; 'Were it not I have a lucky wooden shin

- I had been hurt'; and toppling brought
- Before his eyes, where stones had been,

A dark deep hole in the rock's face.

He gave a gasp and thought to run,

Being certain it was no right place But the Hell Mouth at Cruachan

That's stuffed with all that's old and bad,

And yet stood still, because inside He had seen a red-haired jolly lad In some outlandish coat beside A ladle and a tub of beer, Plainly no phantom by his look. So with a laugh at his own fear He crawled into that pleasant nook. Young Red-head stretched himself to yawn

And murmured, 'May God curse the night

That's grown uneasy near the dawn So that it seems even I sleep light; And who are you that wakens me? Has one of Maeve's nine brawling sons Grown tired of his own company? But let him keep his grave for once I have to find the sleep I have lost.' And then at last being wide awake, ' I took you for a brawling ghost, Say what you please, but from daybreak

I'll sleep another century.' The beggar deaf to all but hope Went down upon a hand and knee And took the wooden ladle up And would have dipped it in the beer But the other pushed his hand aside, 'Before you have dipped it in the beer That sacred Goban brewed,' he cried, 'I'd have assurance that you are able To value beer—I will have no fool

Dipping his nose into my ladle Because he has stumbled on this hole In the bad hour before the dawn. If you but drink that beer and say I will sleep until the winter's gone, Or maybe, to Midsummer Day You will sleep that length; and at the first

I waited so for that or this— Because the weather was a-cursed Or I had no woman there to kiss, And slept for half a year or so; But year by year I found that less Gave me such pleasure I'd forgo Even a half hour's nothingness, And when at one year's end I found I had not waked a single minute, I chose this burrow under ground. I will sleep away all Time within it : My sleep were now nine centuries But for those mornings when I find The lapwing at their foolish cries And the sheep bleating at the wind

As when I also played the fool.' The beggar in a rage began Upon his hunkers in the hole, ' It's plain that you are no right man To mock at everything I love As if it were not worth the doing. I'd have a merry life enough If a good Easter wind were blowing, And though the winter wind is bad I should not be too down in the mouth For anything you did or said If but this wind were in the south.' But the other cried, ' You long for spring

Or that the wind would shift a point And do not know that you would bring,

If time were suppler in the joint, Neither the spring nor the south wind But the hour when you shall pass away

And leave no smoking wick behind, For all life longs for the Last Day

And there's no man but cocks his ear

To know when Michael's trumpet cries

That flesh and bone may disappear, And souls as if they were but sighs, And there be nothing but God left; But I alone being blessed keep Like some old rabbit to my cleft And wait Him in a drunken sleep.'

He dipped his ladle in the tub And drank and yawned and stretched him out.

The other shouted, 'You would rob My life of every pleasant thought And every comfortable thing And so take that and that.' Thereon He gave him a great pummelling, But might have pummelled at a stone For all the sleeper knew or cared; And after heaped the stones again And cursed and prayed, and prayed and cursed :

'Oh God if he got loose !' And then In fury and in panic fled From the Hell Mouth at Cruachan And gave God thanks that overhead The clouds were brightening with the dawn.

THE PLAYER QUEEN

(Song from an Unfinished Play)

My mother dandled me and sang, 'How young it is, how young !' And made a golden cradle That on a willow swung.

'He went away,' my mother sang, 'When I was brought to bed,' And all the while her needle pulled The gold and silver thread.

She pulled the thread and bit the thread And made a golden gown, And wept because she had dreamt that I Was born to wear a crown.

60 THE PLAYER QUEEN

When she was got,' my mother sang,I heard a sea-mew cry,And saw a flake of the yellow foamThat dropped upon my thigh.'

How therefore could she help but braid The gold into my hair, And dream that I should carry The golden top of care ?

THE REALISTS

HOPE that you may understand ! What can books of men that wive In a dragon-guarded land, Paintings of the dolphin-drawn Sea-nymphs in their pearly waggons Do, but awake a hope to live That had gone With the dragons ?

I

THE WITCH

Toil and grow rich, What's that but to lie With a foul witch And after, drained dry, *oh*! To be brought To the chamber where Lies one long sought With despair.

$\mathbf{\Pi}$

THE PEACOCK

WHAT'S riches to him That has made a great peacock With the pride of his eye ? The wind-beaten, stone-grey, And desolate Three-rock Would nourish his whim. Live he or die Amid wet rocks and heather, His ghost will be gay Adding feather to feather For the pride of his eye.

THE MOUNTAIN TOMB

- POUR wine and dance if Manhood still have pride,
- Bring roses if the rose be yet in bloom;
- The cataract smokes upon the mountain side,
- Our Father Rosicross is in his tomb.
- Pull down the blinds, bring fiddle and clarionet
- That there be no foot silent in the room
- Nor mouth from kissing, nor from wine unwet;
- Our Father Rosicross is in his tomb.

In vain, in vain; the cataract still cries

The everlasting taper lights the gloom ;

All wisdom shut into his onyx eyes

Our Father Rosicross sleeps in his tomb.

I

TO A CHILD DANCING IN THE WIND

DANCE there upon the shore ; What need have you to care For wind or water's roar ? And tumble out your hair That the salt drops have wet ; Being young you have not known The fool's triumph, nor yet Love lost as soon as won, Nor the best labourer dead And all the sheaves to bind. What need have you to dread The monstrous crying of wind ?

TWO YEARS LATER

HAS no one said those daring Kind eyes should be more learn'd? Or warned you how despairing The moths are when they are burned, I could have warned you, but you are young,

So we speak a different tongue.

O you will take whatever's offered And dream that all the world's a friend, Suffer as your mother suffered, Be as broken in the end. But I am old and you are young, And I speak a barbarous tongue.

A MEMORY OF YOUTH

THE moments passed as at a play, I had the wisdom love brings forth; I had my share of mother wit And yet for all that I could say, And though I had her praise for it, A cloud blown from the cut-throat

 \mathbf{north}

Suddenly hid love's moon away.

Believing every word I said

I praised her body and her mind

- Till pride had made her eyes grow bright,
- And pleasure made her cheeks grow red,

And vanity her footfall light,

Yet we, for all that praise, could find

Nothing but darkness overhead.

A MEMORY OF YOUTH 69

We sat as silent as a stone,

We knew, though she'd not said a word,

That even the best of love must die, And had been savagely undone Were it not that love upon the cry Of a most ridiculous little bird Tore from the clouds his marvellous moon.

FALLEN MAJESTY

- ALTHOUGH crowds gathered once if she but showed her face,
- And even old men's eyes grew dim, this hand alone,
- Like some last courtier at a gypsy camping place,
- Babbling of fallen majesty, records what's gone.
- The lineaments, a heart that laughter has made sweet,
- These, these remain, but I record what's gone. A crowd
- Will gather, and not know it walks the very street
- Whereon a thing once walked that seemed a burning cloud.

FRIENDS

Now must I these three praise— Three women that have wrought What joy is in my days; One that no passing thought, Nor those unpassing cares, No, not in these fifteen Many times troubled years, Could ever come between Heart and delighted heart; And one because her hand Had strength that could unbind What none can understand, What none can have and thrive. Youth's dreamy load, till she So changed me that I live Labouring in ecstasy.

FRIENDS

And what of her that took All till my youth was gone With scarce a pitying look ? How should I praise that one ? When day begins to break I count my good and bad, Being wakeful for her sake, Remembering what she had, What eagle look still shows, While up from my heart's root So great a sweetness flows I shake from head to foot.

THE COLD HEAVEN

- SUDDENLY I saw the cold and rookdelighting Heaven
- That seemed as though ice burned and was but the more ice,
- And thereupon imagination and heart were driven
- So wild that every casual thought of that and this
- Vanished, and left but memories, that should be out of season
- With the hot blood of youth, of love crossed long ago;
- And I took all the blame out of all sense and reason,
- Until I cried and trembled and rocked to and fro,
- Riddled with light. Ah! when the ghost begins to quicken,

74 THE COLD HEAVEN

- Confusion of the death-bed over, is it sent
- Out naked on the roads, as the books say, and stricken
- By the injustice of the skies for punishment?

THAT THE NIGHT COME

SHE lived in storm and strife, Her soul had such desire For what proud death may bring That it could not endure The common good of life, But lived as 'twere a king That packed his marriage day With banneret and pennon, Trumpet and kettledrum, And the outrageous cannon, To bundle time away That the night come.

AN APPOINTMENT

BEING out of heart with government I took a broken root to fling

Where the proud, wayward squirrel went,

Taking delight that he could spring;

And he, with that low whinnying sound

That is like laughter, sprang again And so to the other tree at a bound. Nor the tame will, nor timid brain,

Nor heavy knitting of the brow

- Bred that fierce tooth and cleanly limb
 - And threw him up to laugh on the bough;
 - No government appointed him.

THE MAGI

- Now as at all times I can see in the mind's eye,
- In their stiff, painted clothes, the pale unsatisfied ones
- Appear and disappear in the blue depth of the sky
- With all their ancient faces like rainbeaten stones,
- And all their helms of silver hovering side by side,
- And all their eyes still fixed, hoping to find once more,
- Being by Calvary's turbulence unsatisfied,
- The uncontrollable mystery on the bestial floor.

\mathbf{II}

THE DOLLS

A DOLL in the doll-maker's house
Looks at the cradle and bawls:
'That is an insult to us.'
But the oldest of all the dolls
Who had seen, being kept for show,
Generations of his sort,
Out-screams the whole shelf: 'Al-though
There's not a man can report
Evil of this place,
The man and the woman bring
Hither to our disgrace,
A noisy and filthy thing.'
Hearing him groan and stretch
The doll-maker's wife is aware

Her husband has heard the wretch, And crouched by the arm of his chair, She murmurs into his ear, Head upon shoulder leant : ' My dear, my dear, oh dear, It was an accident.'

A COAT

I MADE my song a coat Covered with embroideries Out of old mythologies From heel to throat; But the fools caught it, Wore it in the world's eyes As though they'd wrought it. Song, let them take it For there's more enterprise In walking naked.

- WHILE I, from that reed-throated whisperer
- Who comes at need, although not now as once
- A clear articulation in the air
- But inwardly, surmise companions
- Beyond the fling of the dull ass's hoof,
- -Ben Jonson's phrase—and find when June is come
- At Kyle-na-no under that ancient roof
- A sterner conscience and a friendlier home,

I can forgive even that wrong of wrongs, Those undreamt accidents that have made me

-Seeing that Fame has perished this long while

Being but a part of ancient ceremony— Notorious, till all my priceless things Are but a post the passing dogs defile.

FROM THE GREEN HELMET AND OTHER POEMS

HIS DREAM

I SWAYED upon the gaudy stern The butt end of a steering oar, And everywhere that I could turn Men ran upon the shore.

And though I would have hushed the crowd,

There was no mother's son but said, 'What is the figure in a shroud Upon a gaudy bed?'

And fishes bubbling to the brim Cried out upon that thing beneath, —It had such dignity of limb— By the sweet name of Death.

Though I'd my finger on my lip, What could I but take up the song?

86 HIS DREAM

And fish and crowd and gaudy ship Cried out the whole night long,

Crying amid the glittering sea, Naming it with ecstatic breath, Because it had such dignity By the sweet name of Death.

A WOMAN HOMER SUNG

IF any man drew near When I was young, I thought, 'He holds her dear,' And shook with hate and fear. But oh, 'twas bitter wrong If he could pass her by With an indifferent eye.

Whereon I wrote and wrought, And now, being grey, I dream that I have brought To such a pitch my thought That coming time can say, 'He shadowed in a glass What thing her body was.'

For she had fiery blood When I was young,

88 A WOMAN HOMER SUNG

And trod so sweetly proud As 'twere upon a cloud, A woman Homer sung, That life and letters seem But an heroic dream.

N X.

THE CONSOLATION

I HAD this thought awhile ago, 'My darling cannot understand What I have done, or what would do In this blind bitter land.'

And I grew weary of the sun
Until my thoughts cleared up again,
Remembering that the best I have done
Was done to make it plain ;

That every year I have cried, 'At length My darling understands it all, Because I have come into my strength, And words obey my call.'

90 THE CONSOLATION

That had she done so who can say What would have shaken from the sieve?

I might have thrown poor words away And been content to live. WHY should I blame her that she filled my days

With misery, or that she would of late

- Have taught to ignorant men most violent ways,
- Or hurled the little streets upon the great,

Had they but courage equal to desire ?

What could have made her peaceful with a mind

That nobleness made simple as a fire,

With beauty like a tightened bow, a kind

That is not natural in an age like this,

- Being high and solitary and most stern?
- Why, what could she have done being what she is ?
- Was there another Troy for her to burn?

RECONCILIATION

- Some may have blamed you that you took away
- The verses that could move them on the day
- When, the ears being deafened, the sight of the eyes blind
- With lightning you went from me, and I could find
- Nothing to make a song about but kings,
- Helmets, and swords, and half-forgotten things
- That were like memories of you—but now
- We'll out, for the world lives as long ago;

- And while we're in our laughing, weeping fit,
- Hurl helmets, crowns, and swords into the pit.
- But, dear, cling close to me; since you were gone,
- My barren thoughts have chilled me to the bone.

KING AND NO KING

- 'Would it were anything but merely voice!'
- The No King cried who after that was King,

Because he had not heard of anything

- That balanced with a word is more than noise;
- Yet Old Romance being kind, let him prevail
- Somewhere or somehow that I have forgot,
- Though he'd but cannon—Whereas we that had thought
- To have lit upon as clean and sweet a tale
- Have been defeated by that pledge you gave

In momentary anger long ago;

- And I that have not your faith, how shall I know
- That in the blinding light beyond the grave
- We'll find so good a thing as that we have lost?
- The hourly kindness, the day's common speech,

The habitual content of each with each

When neither soul nor body has been crossed.

PEACE

AH, that Time could touch a form
That could show what Homer's age
Bred to be a hero's wage.
Were not all her life but storm,
Would not painters paint a form
Of such noble lines,' I said,
Such a delicate high head,
All that sternness amid charm,
All that sweetness amid strength?'
Ah, but peace that comes at length,
Came when Time had touched her form.

AGAINST UNWORTHY PRAISE

O HEART, be at peace, because Nor knave nor dolt can break What's not for their applause, Being for a woman's sake. Enough if the work has seemed, So did she your strength renew, A dream that a lion had dreamed Till the wilderness cried aloud, A secret between you two, Between the proud and the proud.

What, still you would have their praise! But here's a haughtier text, The labyrinth of her days That her own strangeness perplexed; 97 H

98 AGAINST UNWORTHY PRAISE

And how what her dreaming gave Earned slander, ingratitude, From self-same dolt and knave; Aye, and worse wrong than these. Yet she, singing upon her road, Half lion, half child, is at peace.

THE FASCINATION OF WHAT'S DIFFICULT

THE fascination of what's difficult

Has dried the sap out of my veins, and rent

Spontaneous joy and natural content

Out of my heart. There's something ails our colt

That must, as if it had not holy blood, Nor on Olympus leaped from cloud

to cloud,

- Shiver under the lash, strain, sweat and jolt
- As though it dragged road metal. My curse on plays

That have to be set up in fifty ways,

On the day's war with every knave and dolt,

100 WHAT'S DIFFICULT

Theatre business, management of men.

- I swear before the dawn comes round again
- I'll find the stable and pull out the bolt.

A DRINKING SONG

WINE comes in at the mouth And love comes in at the eye; That's all we shall know for truth Before we grow old and die. I lift the glass to my mouth, I look at you, and I sigh.

THE COMING OF WISDOM WITH TIME

- THOUGH leaves are many, the root is one;
- Through all the lying days of my youth
- I swayed my leaves and flowers in the sun;
- Now I may wither into the truth.

ON HEARING THAT THE STUDENTS OF OUR NEW UNIVERSITY HAVE JOINED THE ANCIENT ORDER OF HIBERNIANS AND THE AGITATION AGAINST IMMORAL LITERATURE

WHERE, where but here have Pride and Truth,

That long to give themselves for wage, To shake their wicked sides at youth Restraining reckless middle-age.

÷.

TO A POET, WHO WOULD HAVE ME PRAISE CERTAIN BAD POETS, IMI-TATORS OF HIS AND MINE

You say, as I have often given tongue In praise of what another's said or sung,

'Twere politic to do the like by these; But was there ever dog that praised his fleas?

THE MASK

' Put off that mask of burning gold With emerald eyes.'

'O no, my dear, you make so bold To find if hearts be wild and wise, And yet not cold.'

' I would but find what's there to find, Love or deceit.'
' It was the mask engaged your mind, And after set your heart to beat, Not what's behind.'

'But lest you are my enemy,
I must enquire.'
'O no, my dear, let all that be,
What matter, so there is but fire
In you, in me?'

UPON A HOUSE SHAKEN BY THE LAND AGITATION

- How should the world be luckier if this house,
- Where passion and precision have been one

Time out of mind, became too ruinous

- To breed the lidless eye that loves the sun ?
- And the sweet laughing eagle thoughts that grow
- Where wings have memory of wings, and all
- That comes of the best knit to the best? Although
- Mean roof-trees were the sturdier for its fall,
- How should their luck run high enough to reach

THE LAND AGITATION 107

- The gifts that govern men, and after these
- To gradual Time's last gift, a written speech
- Wrought of high laughter, loveliness and ease?

AT THE ABBEY THEATRE

(Imitated from Ronsard)

- DEAR Craoibhin Aoibhin, look into our case.
- When we are high and airy hundreds say
- That if we hold that flight they'll leave the place,
- While those same hundreds mock another day
- Because we have made our art of common things,
- So bitterly, you'd dream they longed to look
- All their lives through into some drift of wings.

AT THE ABBEY THEATRE 109

- You've dandled them and fed them from the book
- And know them to the bone; impart to us—
- We'll keep the secret—a new trick to please.

Is there a bridle for this Proteus

That turns and changes like his draughty seas?

Or is there none, most popular of men, But when they mock us that we mock again ?

THESE ARE THE CLOUDS

- THESE are the clouds about the fallen sun,
- The majesty that shuts his burning eye;
- The weak lay hand on what the strong has done,
- Till that be tumbled that was lifted high

And discord follow upon unison,

- And all things at one common level lie.
- And therefore, friend, if your great race were run
- And these things came, so much the more thereby
- Have you made greatness your companion,

THESE ARE THE CLOUDS 111

- Although it be for children that you sigh:
- These are the clouds about the fallen sun,
- The majesty that shuts his burning eye.

AT GALWAY RACES

THERE where the course is, Delight makes all of the one mind, The riders upon the galloping horses, The crowd that closes in behind : We, too, had good attendance once, Hearers and hearteners of the work ; Aye, horsemen for companions, Before the merchant and the clerk Breathed on the world with timid breath.

Sing on : sometime, and at some new moon,

We'll learn that sleeping is not death, Hearing the whole earth change its tune.

Its flesh being wild, and it again Crying aloud as the race course is, And we find hearteners among men That ride upon horses.

A FRIEND'S ILLNESS

SICKNESS brought me this Thought, in that scale of his : Why should I be dismayed Though flame had burned the whole World, as it were a coal, Now I have seen it weighed Against a soul ?

ALL THINGS CAN TEMPT ME

- ALL things can tempt me from this craft of verse :
- One time it was a woman's face, or worse—
- The seeming needs of my fool-driven land;
- Now nothing but comes readier to the hand
- Than this accustomed toil. When I was young,

I had not given a penny for a song

- Did not the poet sing it with such airs
- That one believed he had a sword upstairs;
- Yet would be now, could I but have my wish,
- Colder and dumber and deafer than a fish.

THE YOUNG MAN'S SONG

I WHISPERED, 'I am too young,' And then, 'I am old enough'; Wherefore I threw a penny To find out if I might love.

3

Go and love, go and love, young man,

If the lady be young and fair.'

- Ah, penny, brown penny, brown penny,
- I am looped in the loops of her hair.

Oh, love is the crooked thing, There is nobody wise enough To find out all that is in it, For he would be thinking of love Till the stars had run away,

116 THE YOUNG MAN'S SONG

And the shadows eaten the moon.

- Ah, penny, brown penny, brown penny,
- One cannot begin it too soon.

,

NEW VERSION-1912

THE PERSONS OF THE PLAY

WISE MAN. BRIDGET, his wife. TEIGUE, a fool. ANGEL. Children and Pupils.

Pupils come in and stand before the stage curtain, which is still closed. One pupil carries a book.

FIRST PUPIL

He said we might choose the subject for the lesson.

SECOND PUPIL

There is none of us wise enough to do that.

THIRD PUPIL

It would need a great deal of wisdom to know what it is we want to know.

FOURTH PUPIL

I will question him.

FIFTH PUPIL

You ?

FOURTH PUPIL

Last night I dreamt that some one came and told me to question him. I was to say to him, 'You were wrong to say there is no God and no soul maybe, if there is not much of either, there is yet some tatters, some tag on the wind—so to speak—some rag upon a bush, some bob-tail of a god.' I will argue with him,—nonsense though it be—according to my dream, and you will see how well I can argue, and what thoughts I have.

FIRST PUPIL

I'd as soon listen to dried peas in a bladder, as listen to your thoughts. [Fool comes in.

FOOL

Give me a penny.

SECOND PUPIL

Let us choose a subject by chance. Here is his big book. Let us turn over the pages slowly. Let one of us put down his finger without looking. The passage his finger lights on will be the subject for the lesson.

FOOL

Give me a penny.

THIRD PUPIL

(Taking up book) How heavy it is.

FOURTH PUPIL

Spread it on Teigue's back, and then we can all stand round and see the choice.

SECOND PUPIL

Make him spread out his arms.

FOURTH PUPIL

Down on your knees. Hunch up your back. Spread your arms out now, and look like a golden eagle in a church. Keep still, Keep still.

FOOL

Give me a penny.

THIRD PUPIL

Is that the right cry for an eagle cock ?

SECOND PUPIL

I'll turn the pages—you close your eyes and put your finger down.

THIRD PUPIL

That's it, and then he cannot blame us for the choice.

FIRST PUPIL

There, I have chosen. Fool, keep still—and if what's wise is strange and sounds like nonsense, we've made a good choice.

FIFTH PUPIL

The Master has come.

FOOL

Will anybody give a penny to a fool? [One of the pupils draws back the stage curtain showing the Master sitting at his desk. There is an hour-glass upon his desk or in a bracket on the wall. One pupil puts the book before him

FIRST PUPIL

We have chosen the passage for the lesson, Master. 'There are two

living countries, one visible and one invisible, and when it is summer there, it is winter here, and when it is November with us, it is lambingtime there.'

WISE MAN

That passage, that passage ! what mischief has there been since yesterday ?

FIRST PUPIL

None, Master.

WISE MAN

Oh yes, there has; some craziness has fallen from the wind, or risen from the graves of old men, and made you choose that subject.

FOURTH PUPIL

I knew that it was folly, but they would have it.

THIRD PUPIL

Had we not better say we picked it by chance ?

SECOND PUPIL

No; he would say we were children still.

FIRST PUPIL

I have found a sentence under that one that says—as though to show it had a hidden meaning—a beggar wrote it upon the walls of Babylon.

WISE MAN

Then find some beggar and ask him what it means, for I will have nothing to do with it.

FOURTH PUPIL

Come, Teigue, what is the old book's meaning when it says that there are sheep that drop their lambs in November?

FOOL

To be sure—everybody knows, everybody in the world knows, when it is Spring with us, the trees are withering there, when it is Summer with us, the snow is falling there, and have I not myself heard the lambs that are there all bleating on a cold November day—to be sure, does not everybody with an intellect know that; and maybe when it's night with us, it is day with them, for many a time I have seen the roads lighted before me.

WISE MAN

The beggar who wrote that on Babylon wall meant that there is a spiritual kingdom that cannot be seen or known till the faculties whereby we master the kingdom of this world wither away, like green things in winter. A monkish thought, the most mischievous thought that ever passed out of a man's mouth.

FIRST PUPIL

If he meant all that, I will take an oath that he was spindle-shanked, and cross-eyed, and had a lousy itching shoulder, and that his heart was crosser than his eyes, and that he wrote it out of malice.

SECOND PUPIL

Let's come away and find a better subject.

FOURTH PUPIL

And maybe now you'll let me choose.

FIRST PUPIL

Come.

. .

WISE MAN

Were it but true 'twould alter everything

Until the stream of the world had changed its course,

And that and all our thoughts had run Into some cloudy thunderous spring They dream to be its source— Aye, to some frenzy of the mind; And all that we have done would be undone,

Our speculation but as the wind.

[A pause.

I have dreamed it twice.

FIRST PUPIL

Something has troubled him. [Pupils go out.

WISE MAN

Twice have I dreamed it in a morning dream,

- Now nothing serves my pupils but to come
- With a like thought. Reason is growing dim;
- A moment more and Frenzy will beat his drum

And laugh aloud and scream;

And I must dance in the dream.

- No, no, but it is like a hawk, a hawk of the air,
- It has swooped down—and this swoop makes the third—
- And what can I, but tremble like a bird?

\mathbf{Fool}

Give me a penny.

WISE MAN

That I should dream it twice, and after that, that they should pick it out.

\mathbf{Fool}

Won't you give me a penny?

WISE MAN

What do you want? What can it matter to you whether the words I am reading are wisdom or sheer folly? K

FOOL

Such a great, wise teacher will not refuse a penny to a fool.

WISE MAN

Seeing that everybody is a fool when he is asleep and dreaming, why do you call me wise ?

FOOL

O, I know,—I know, I know what I have seen.

WISE MAN

Well, to see rightly is the whole of wisdom, whatever dream be with us.

FOOL

When I went by Kilcluan, where the bells used to be ringing at the break of every day, I could hear nothing but the people snoring in their houses. When I went by Tubber-

÷ ...

vanach, where the young men used to be climbing the hill to the blessed well, they were sitting at the crossroads playing cards. When I went by Carrigoras, where the friars used to be fasting and serving the poor, I saw them drinking wine and obeying their wives. And when I asked what misfortune had brought all these changes, they said it was no misfortune, but that it was the wisdom they had learned from your teaching.

WISE MAN

And you too have called me wise —you would be paid for that good opinion doubtless—Run to the kitchen, my wife will give you food and drink.

Fool

That's foolish advice for a wise man to give.

WISE MAN

Why, Fool?

FOOL

What is eaten is gone—I want pennies for my bag. I must buy bacon in the shops, and nuts in the market, and strong drink for the time the sun is weak, and snares to catch the rabbits and the hares, and a big pot to cook them in.

WISE MAN

I have more to think about than giving pennies to your like, so run away.

FOOL

Give me a penny and I will bring you luck. The fishermen let me sleep among their nets in the loft because I bring them luck; and in the summer time, the wild creatures let me sleep near their nests and their holes. It

is lucky even to look at me, but it is much more lucky to give me a penny. If I was not lucky I would starve.

Wise Man

What are the shears for ?

FOOL

I won't tell you. If I told you, you would drive them away.

WISE MAN

Drive them away! Who would I drive away?

FOOL

I won't tell you.

WISE MAN

Not if I give you a penny?

Foor

No.

WISE MAN

Not if I give you two pennies?

FOOL

You will be very lucky if you give me two pennies, but I won't tell you.

WISE MAN

Three pennies ?

FOOL

Four, and I will tell you.

WISE MAN

Very well—four, but from this out I will not call you Teigue the Fool.

FOOL

Let me come close to you, where nobody will hear me; but first you must promise not to drive them away. (*Wise Man nods.*) Every day men go out dressed in black and spread great black nets over the hills, great black nets.

WISE MAN

A strange place that to fish in.

FOOL

They spread them out on the hills that they may catch the feet of the angels; but every morning just before the dawn, I go out and cut the nets with the shears and the angels fly away.

WISE MAN

(Speaking with excitement) Ah, now I know that you are Teigue the Fool. You say that I am wise, and yet I say, there are no angels.

FOOL

I have seen plenty of angels.

WISE MAN

No, no, you have not.

FOOL

They are plenty if you but look about you. They are like the blades of grass.

WISE MAN

They are plenty as the blades of grass—I heard that phrase when I was but a child and was told folly.

FOOL

When one gets quiet. When one is so quiet that there is not a thought in one's head maybe, there is something that wakes up inside one, something happy and quiet, and then all in a minute one can smell summer flowers, and tall people go by, happy and laughing, but they will not let us look at their faces. Oh no, it is not right that we should look at their faces.

WISE MAN

You have fallen asleep upon a hill, yet, even those that used to dream of angels dream now of other things.

FOOL

I saw one but a moment agothat is because I am lucky. It was coming behind me, but it was not laughing.

WISE MAN

There's nothing but what men can see when they are awake. Nothing, nothing.

FOOL

I knew you would drive them away.

WISE MAN

Pardon me, Fool, I had forgotten whom I spoke to. Well, there are your four pennies— Fool you are called,

And all day long they cry, 'Come hither, Fool.'

[The Fool goes close to him. Or else it's, 'Fool, be gone.'

[The Fool goes further off.

Or, 'Fool, stand there.'

[The Fool straightens himself up.

Or, 'Fool, go sit in the corner.' [The Fool sits in the corner.

- What were they all but fools before I came?
- What are they now, but mirrors that seem men,
- Because of my image? Fool, hold up your head. [Fool does so.
- What foolish stories they have told of the ghosts
- That fumbled with the clothes upon the bed,

Or creaked and shuffled in the corridor,

Or else, if they were pious bred,

Of angels from the skies,

And all the while

That coming through the door, Or, it maybe, standing there, Would solidly out stare The steadiest eyes with their unnatural eyes,

Aye, on a man's own floor.

- [An angel has come in. It should be played by a man if a man can be found with the right voice, and may wear a little golden domino and a halo made of metal. Or the whole face may be a beautiful mask, in which case the last sentence on page 136 should not be spoken.
- Yet it is strange, the strangest thing I have known,
- That I should still be haunted by the notion
- That there's a crisis of the spirit wherein
- We get new sight, and that they know some trick

To turn our thoughts for their own ends to frenzy.

Why do you put your finger to your lip, And creep away? [Fool goes out. (Wise Man sees Angel.) What are

you? Who are you?

- I think I saw some like you in my dreams,
- When but a child. That thing about your head,—
- That brightness in your hair—that flowery branch;
- But I have done with dreams, I have done with dreams.

ANGEL

I am the crafty one that you have called.

WISE MAN

How that I called ?

Angel

I am the messenger.

WISE MAN

What message could you bring to one like me?

ANGEL (turning the hour-glass)

That you will die when the last grain of sand

Has fallen through this glass.

٠

WISE MAN

I have a wife,

Children and pupils that I cannot leave:

Why must I die, my time is far away?

ANGEL

- You have to die because no soul has passed
- The heavenly threshold since you have opened school,
- But grass grows there, and rust upon the hinge;

And they are, lonely that must keep the watch.

WISE MAN

And whither shall I go when I am dead?

ANGEL

You have denied there is a purgatory, Therefore that gate is closed; you have denied

There is a heaven, and so that gate is closed.

WISE MAN

Where then? For I have said there is no hell.

ANGEL

Hell is the place of those who have denied;

They find there what they planted and what dug,

- A Lake of Spaces, and a Wood of Nothing,
- And wander there and drift, and never cease
- Wailing for substance.

WISE MAN

Pardon me, blessed Angel,

- I have denied and taught the like to others.
- But how could I believe before my sight
- Had come to me?

ANGEL

It is too late for pardon.

WISE MAN

- Had I but met your gaze as now I met it—
- But how can you that live but where we go
- In the uncertainty of dizzy dreams

- Know why we doubt? Parting, sickness and death,
- The rotting of the grass, tempest and drouth,
- These are the messengers that came to me.
- Why are you silent? You carry in your hands
- God's pardon, and you will not give it me.
- Why are you silent? Were I not afraid,
- I'd kiss your hands—no, no, the hem of your dress.

ANGEL

Only when all the world has testified, May soul confound it, crying out in joy, And laughing on its lonely precipice. What's dearth and death and sickness to the soul

That knows no virtue but itself? Nor could it,

- So trembling with delight and mothernaked,
- Live unabashed if the arguing world stood by.

WISE MAN

It is as hard for you to understand

Why we have doubted, as it is for us

- To banish doubt—what folly have I said?
- There can be nothing that you do not know:
- Give me a year—a month—a week a day,
- I would undo what I have done—an hour—
- Give me until the sand has run in the glass.

ANGEL

- Though you may not undo what you have done,
- I have this power—if you but find one soul,

- Before the sands have fallen, that still believes,
- One fish to lie and spawn among the stones

Till the great fisher's net is full again,

You may, the purgatorial fire being passed,

Spring to your peace.

[Pupils sing in the distance. 'Who stole your wits away And where are they gone?'

WISE MAN

My pupils come,

- Before you have begun to climb the sky
- I shall have found that soul. They say they doubt,
- But what their mothers dinned into their ears

Cannot have been so lightly rooted up; Besides, I can disprove what I once provedAnd yet give me some thought, some argument,

More mighty than my own.

ANGEL

Farewell—farewell, For I am weary of the weight of time. [Angel goes out. Wise Man makes a step to follow and pauses. Some of his pupils come in at the other side of the stage.

FIRST PUPIL

Master, master, you must choose the subject.

[Enter other pupils with Fool, (about whom they dance; all the pupils may have little cushions on which presently they seat themselves.

SECOND PUPIL

Here is a subject—where have the Fool's wits gone ? (singing)
' Who dragged your wits away
Where no one knows ?
Or have they run off
On their own pair of shoes ? '

FOOL

Give me a penny.

FIRST PUPIL

The Master will find your wits,

SECOND PUPIL

And when they are found, you must not beg for pennies.

THIRD PUPIL

They are hidden somewhere in the badger's hole,

But you must carry an old candle end If you would find them.

FOURTH PUPIL They are up above the clouds.

FOOL

Give me a penny, give me a penny.

FIRST PUPIL (singing) 'I'll find your wits again, Come, for I saw them roll, To where old badger mumbles In the black hole.'

SECOND PUPIL (singing)

'No, but an angel stole them The night that you were born, And now they are but a rag, On the moon's horn.'

WISE MAN

Be silent.

FIRST PUPIL

Can you not see that he is troubled ? [All the pupils are seated.

WISE MAN

What do you think of when alone at night?

Do not the things your mothers spoke about,

Before they took the candle from the bedside,

Rush up into the mind and master it,

Till you believe in them against your will ?

SECOND PUPIL (to first pupil)

You answer for us.

THIRD PUPIL (in a whisper to first pupil)

Be careful what you say; If he persuades you to an argument, He will but turn us all to mockery.

FIRST PUPIL

We had no minds until you made them for us;

Our bodies only were our mother's work.

WISE MAN

- You answer with incredible things. It is certain
- That there is one,—though it may be but one—
- Believes in God and in some heaven and hell---
- In all those things we put into our prayers.

FIRST PUPIL

- We thought those things before our minds were born,
- But that was long ago-we are not children.

WISE MAN

- You are afraid to tell me what you think
- Because I am hot and angry when I am crossed.
- I do not blame you for it; but have no fear,

- For if there's one that sat on smiling there,
- As though my arguments were sweet as milk
- Yet found them bitter, I will thank him for it,
- If he but speak his mind.

FIRST PUPIL

There is no one, Master, There is not one but found them sweet as milk.

WISE MAN

The things that have been told us in our childhood Are not so fragile.

SECOND PUPIL

We are no longer children.

THIRD PUPIL

We all believe in you and in what you have taught.

OTHER PUPILS

All, all, all, all, in you, nothing but you.

WISE MAN

- I have deceived you—where shall I go for words—
- I have no thoughts-my mind has been swept bare.
- The messengers that stand in the fiery cloud,
- Fling themselves out, if we but dare to question,

And after that, the Babylonian moon Blots all away.

FIRST PUPIL (to other pupils)

I take his words to mean That visionaries, and martyrs when they are raised Above translunary things, and there

Above translunary things, and there enlightened,

- As the contention is, may lose the light,
- And flounder in their speech when the eyes open.

SECOND PUPIL

How well he imitates their trick of speech.

THIRD PUPIL

Their air of mystery.

FOURTH PUPIL

Their empty gaze,

- As though they'd looked upon some winged thing,
- And would not condescend to mankind after.

FIRST PUPIL

- Master, we have all learnt that truth is learnt
- When the intellect's deliberate and cold,

- As it were a polished mirror that reflects
- An unchanged world; and not when the steel melts,
- Bubbling and hissing, till there's naught but fume.

WISE MAN

When it is melted, when it all fumes up, They walk, as when beside those three in the furnace The form of the fourth.

FIRST PUPIL

Master, there's none among us That has not heard your mockery of these,

Or thoughts like these, and we have not forgot.

WISE MAN

Something incredible has happened some one has come

- Suddenly like a grey hawk out of the air,
- And all that I declared untrue is true.

FIRST PUPIL (to other pupils)

- You'd think the way he says it, that he felt it.
- There's not a mummer to compare with him.
- He's something like a man.

SECOND PUPIL

Give us some proof.

WISE MAN

- What proof have I to give, but that an angel
- An instant ago was standing on that spot. [The pupils rise.

THIRD PUPIL

You dreamed it.

WISE MAN

I was awake as I am now.

FIRST PUPIL (to the others)

- I may be dreaming now for all I know.
- He wants to show we have no certain proof
- Of anything in the world.

SECOND PUPIL

There is this proof

That shows we are awake—we have all one world

While every dreamer has a world of his own,

And sees what no one else can.

THIRD PUPIL

Teigue sees angels.

- So when the Master says he has seen an angel,
- He may have seen one.

FIRST PUPIL

Both may still be dreamers; Unless it's proved the angels were alike.

SECOND PUPIL

What sort are the angels, Teigue?

THIRD PUPIL

That will prove nothing, Unless we are sure prolonged obedience Has made one angel like another angel As they were eggs.

FIRST PUPIL

The Master's silent now : For he has found that to dispute with us---

Seeing that he has taught us what we know---

Is but to reason with himself. Let us away,

•

And find if there is one believer left.

WISE MAN

Yes, yes. Find me but one that still believes

The things that we were told when we were children.

THIRD PUPIL

He'll mock and maul him.

FOURTH PUPIL

From the first I knew He wanted somebody to argue with. [They go.

WISE MAN

I have no reason left. All dark, all dark!

[Pupils return laughing. They push forward fourth pupil.

FIRST PUPIL

Here, Master, is the very man you want.

- He said, when we were studying the book,
- That maybe after all the monks were right,
- And you mistaken, and if we but gave him time,
- He'd prove that it was so.

FOURTH PUPIL

I never said it.

WISE MAN

Dear friend, dear friend, do you believe in God?

FOURTH PUPIL

Master, they have invented this to mock me.

WISE MAN

You are afraid of me.

FOURTH PUPIL

They know well, Master,

That all I said was but to make them argue.

- They've pushed me in to make a mock of me,
- Because they knew I could take either side
- And beat them at it.

WISE MAN

If you believe in God, You are my soul's one friend.

[Pupils laugh.

Mistress or wife

Can give us but our good or evil luck Amid the howling world, but you shall give

Eternity, and those sweet-throated things

That drift above the moon.

[The pupils look at one another and are silent.

SECOND PUPIL

How strange he is.

WISE MAN

The angel that stood there upon that spot,

Said that my soul was lost unless I found

One that believed.

FOURTH PUPIL

Cease mocking at me, Master, For I am certain that there is no God Nor immortality, and they that said it Made a fantastic tale from a starved dream

To plague our hearts. Will that content you, Master?

WISE MAN

- The giddy glass is emptier every moment,
- And you stand there, debating, laughing and wrangling.

- Out of my sight! Out of my sight, I say. [He drives them out.
- I'll call my wife, for what can women do,
- That carry us in the darkness of their bodies,
- But mock the reason that lets nothing grow
- Unless it grow in light. Bridget, Bridget.
- A woman never ceases to believe,
- Say what we will. Bridget, come quickly, Bridget.
 - [Bridget comes in wearing her apron. Her sleeves turned up from her arms which are covered with flour.
- Wife, what do you believe in? Tell me the truth,
- And not—as is the habit with you all—
- Something you think will please me. Do you pray?

Sometimes when you're alone in the house, do you pray ?

BRIDGET

Prayers—no, you taught me to leave them off long ago. At first I was sorry, but I am glad now, for I am sleepy in the evenings.

WISE MAN

Do you believe in God?

BRIDGET

Oh, a good wife only believes in what her husband tells her.

WISE MAN

- But sometimes, when the children are asleep
- And I am in the school, do you not think
- About the Martyrs and the saints and the angels,

And all the things that you believed in once?

BRIDGET

I think about nothing—sometimes I wonder if the linen is bleaching white, or I go out to see if the crows are picking up the chicken's food.

WISE MAN

- My God,—my God! I will go out myself.
- My pupils said that they would find a man
- Whose faith I never shook—they may have found him.

Therefore I will go out-but if I go,

The glass will let the sands run out unseen.

I cannot go—I cannot leave the glass.

- Go call my pupils—I can explain all now,
- Only when all our hold on life is troubled,

Only in spiritual terror can the Truth Come through the broken mind—as the pease burst

Out of a broken pease-cod.

[He clutches Bridget as she is going. Say to them,

- That Nature would lack all in her most need,
- Could not the soul find truth as in a flash,

Upon the battle-field, or in the midst

Of overwhelming waves, and say to them-

But no, they would but answer as I bid.

BRIDGET

You want somebody to get up an argument with.

WISE MAN

Look out and see if there is any one There in the street—I cannot leave the glass,

- For somebody might shake it, and the sand
- If it were shaken might run down on the instant.

BRIDGET

I don't understand a word you are saying. There's a crowd of people talking to your pupils.

WISE MAN

- Go out and find if they have found a man
- Who did not understand me when I taught,
- Or did not listen.

BRIDGET

It is a hard thing to be married to a man of learning that must always be having arguments. [She goes out.

WISE MAN

- Strange that I should be blind to the great secret,
- And that so simple a man might write it out
- Upon a blade of grass with the juice of a berry;
- And laugh and cry, because it was so simple.

[Enter Bridget followed by the Fool.

FOOL

Give me something; give me a penny to buy bacon in the shops and nuts in the market, and strong drink for the time when the sun is weak.

BRIDGET

I have no pennies. (To Wise Man) Your pupils cannot find anybody to argue with you. There's nobody in the whole country with belief enough for a lover's oath. Can't you be quiet now, and not always wanting to have arguments. It must be terrible to have a mind like that.

WISE MAN

Then I am lost indeed.

BRIDGET

Leave me alone now, I have to make the bread for you and the children. [She goes into kitchen.

WISE MAN

Children, children!

BRIDGET

Your father wants you, run to him. [Children run in.

WISE MAN

Come to me, children. Do not be afraid.

- I want to know if you believe in Heaven,
- God or the soul—no, do not tell me yet;
- You need not be afraid I shall be angry,
- Say what you please—so that it is your thought—
- I wanted you to know before you spoke,
- That I shall not be angry.

FIRST CHILD

We have not forgotten, Father.

SECOND CHILD

Oh no, Father.

BOTH CHILDREN

(As if repeating a lesson) There is nothing we cannot see, nothing we cannot touch.

FIRST CHILD

Foolish people used to say that there was, but you have taught us better.

WISE MAN

- Go to your mother, go—yet do not go. What can she say? If am dumb you are lost:
- And yet, because the sands are running out,
- I have but a moment to show it all in. Children,
- The sap would die out of the blades of grass
- Had they a doubt. They understand it all,
- Being the fingers of God's certainty,
- Yet can but make their sign into the air;
- But could they find their tongues they'd show it all;
- But what am I to say that am but one,

When they are millions and they will not speak—

[Children have run out.

- But they are gone; what made them run away?
 - [The Fool comes in with a dandelion.
- Look at me, tell me if my face is changed,
- Is there a notch of the fiend's nail upon it

Already? Is it terrible to sight? Because the moment's near.

[Going to glass.

I dare not look,

- I dare not know the moment when they come.
- No, no, I dare not. (Covers glass.) Will there be a footfall,
- Or will there be a sort of rending sound,
- Or else a cracking, as though an iron claw

Had gripped the threshold stone ? [Fool has begun to blow the dandelion.

What are you doing?

FOOL

Wait a minute-four-five-six-

WISE MAN

What are you doing that for ?

FOOL

I am blowing the dandelion to find out what hour it is.

WISE MAN

- You have heard everything, and that is why
- You'd find what hour it is—you'd find that out,
- That you may look upon a fleet of devils

Dragging my soul away. You shall not stop,

- I will have no one here when they come in,
- I will have no one sitting there—no one—
- And yet—and yet—there is something strange about you.
- I half remember something. What is it?
- Do you believe in God and in the soul?

FOOL

So you ask me now. I thought when you were asking your pupils, 'Will he ask Teigue the Fool? Yes, he will, he will; no, he will not---yes, he will.' But Teigue will say nothing. Teigue will say nothing.

WISE MAN

Tell me quickly.

FOOL

I said, 'Teigue knows everything,

not even the green-eyed cats and the hares that milk the cows have Teigue's wisdom'; but Teigue will not speak, he says nothing.

/ WISE MAN

- Speak, speak, for underneath the cover there
- The sand is running from the upper glass,
- And when the last grain's through, I shall be lost.

FOOL

I will not speak. I will not tell you what is in my mind. I will not tell you what is in my bag. You might steal away my thoughts. I met a bodach on the road yesterday, and he said, 'Teigue, tell me how many pennies are in your bag; I will wager three pennies that there are

not twenty pennies in your bag; let me put in my hand and count them.' But I gripped the bag the tighter, and when I go to sleep at night I hide the bag where nobody knows.

WISE MAN

There's but one pinch of sand, and I am lost If you are not he I seek.

FOOL

O, what a lot the Fool knows, but he says nothing.

WISE MAN

- Yes, I remember now. You spoke of angels.
- You said but now that you had seen an angel.
- You are the one I seek, and I am saved.

Fool

Oh no. How could poor Teigue see angels? Oh, Teigue tells one tale here, another there, and everybody gives him pennies. If Teigue had not his tales he would starve.

[He breaks away and goes out.

WISE MAN

The last hope is gone, And now that it's too late I see it all, We perish into God and sink away Into reality—the rest's a dream. [The Fool comes back.

· Fool

There was one there—there by the threshold stone, waiting there; and he said, 'Go in, Teigue, and tell him everything that he asks you. He will give you a penny if you tell him.'

WISE MAN

I know enough, that know God's will prevails.

FOOL

Waiting till the moment had come —That is what the one out there was saying, but I might tell you what you asked. That is what he was saying.

WISE MAN

Be silent. May God's will prevail on the instant,
Although His will be my eternal pain.
I have no question :
It is enough, I know what fixed the station
Of star and cloud.
And knowing all, I cry
That what so God has willed

On the instant be fulfilled,

Though that be my damnation.

The stream of the world has changed its course,

And with the stream my thoughts have run

Into some cloudy thunderous spring That is its mountain source— Aye, to some frenzy of the mind, For all that we have done's undone, Our speculation but as the wind.

[He dies.

FOOL

Wise man—Wise man, wake up and I will tell you everything for a penny. It is I, poor Teigue the Fool. Why don't you wake up, and say, 'There is a penny for you, Teigue'? No, no, you will say nothing. You and I, we are the two fools, we know everything, but we will not speak.

[Angel enters holding a casket. O, look what has come from his mouth! O, look what has come from his mouth—the white butterfly! He

is dead, and I have taken his soul in my hands; but I know why you open the lid of that golden box. I must give it to you. There then, (*he puts butterfly in casket*) he has gone through his pains, and you will open the lid in the Garden of Paradise. (*He closes curtain and remains outside it.*) He is gone, he is gone, he is gone, but come in everybody in the world and look at me.

'I hear the wind a blow I hear the grass a grow, And all that I know, I know.'

But I will not speak, I will run away. [He goes out.

NOTES

NOTEŚ

PREFATORY POEM

'FREE of the ten and four' is an error I cannot now correct, without more rewriting than I have a mind for. Some merchant in Villon, I forget the reference, was 'free of the ten and four.' Irish merchants exempted from certain duties by the Irish Parliament were, unless memory deceives me again for I am writing away from books, 'free of the eight and six.'

POEMS BEGINNING WITH THAT 'TO A WEALTHY MAN' AND ENDING WITH THAT 'TO A SHADE'

During the thirty years or so during which I have been reading Irish newspapers, three public controversies have stirred my imagination. The first was the Parnell controversy. There were reasons to justify a man's joining either party, but there were none to justify, on one side or on the other, lying accusations forgetful of past service, a frenzy of detraction. And another was the dispute over 'The Playboy.' There were reasons for opposing as for supporting that violent, laughing thing, but none for the lies, for the unscrupulous rhetoric spread against it in Ireland, and from Ireland to America. The third prepared for the Corporation's refusal of a building for Sir Hugh Lane's famous collection of pictures....

[I leave out two long paragraphs which have been published in earlier editions of this book. There is no need now to defend Sir Hugh Lane's pictures against Dublin newspapers. The trustees of the London National Gallery, through his leaving a codicil to his will unwitnessed, have claimed the pictures for London, and propose to build a wing to the Tate Gallery to contain them. Some that were hostile are now contrite, and doing what they can, or letting others do unhindered what they can, to persuade Parliament to such action as may restore the collection to Ireland.—Jan. 1917.]

These controversies, political, literary, and artistic, have showed that neither religion nor politics can of itself create minds with enough receptivity to become wise, or just and generous enough to make a nation. Other cities have been as stupid—Samuel Butler laughs at shocked Montreal for hiding the Discobolus in a cellar—but Dublin is the capital of a nation, and an ancient race has nowhere else

to look for an education. Goethe in Wilhelm Meister describes a saintly and naturally gracious woman, who getting into a quarrel over some trumpery detail of religious observance, grows-she and all her little religious community-angry and vindictive. In Ireland I am constantly reminded of that fable of the futility of all discipline that is not of the whole being. Religious Ireland-and the pious Protestants of my childhood were signal examples-thinks of divine things as a round of duties separated from life and not as an element that may be discovered in all circumstance and emotion, while political Ireland sees the good citizen but as a man who holds to certain opinions and not as a man of good will. Against all this we have but a few educated men and the remnants of an old traditional culture among the poor. Both were stronger forty years ago, before the rise of our new middle class which showed as its first public event, during the nine years of the Parnellite split, how base at moments of excitement are minds without culture. 1914.

'Romantic Ireland's dead and gone' sounds old-fashioned now. It seemed true in 1918, but I did not foresee 1916. The late Dublin Rebellion, whatever one can say of its wisdom, will long be remembered for its heroism. 'They weighed so lightly what they gave,' and gave

NOTES

too in some cases without hope of success, July 1916.

THE DOLLS

The fable for this poem came into my head while I was giving some lectures in Dublin. I had noticed once again how all thought among us is frozen into 'something other than human life.' After I had made the poem, I looked up one day into the blue of the sky, and suddenly imagined, as if lost in the blue of the sky, stiff figures in procession. I remembered that they were the habitual image suggested by blue sky, and looking for a second fable called them 'The Magi,' complementary forms to those enraged dolls.

THE HOUR-GLASS

A friend suggested to me the subject of this play, an Irish folk-tale from Lady Wilde's *Ancient Legends*. I have for years struggled with something which is charming in the naive legend but a platitude on the stage. I did not discover till a year ago that if the wise man humbled himself to the fool and received salvation as his reward, so much more powerful are pictures than words, no explanatory dialogue could set the matter right. I was faintly pleased when I converted a music-hall singer and kept him going to Mass for six

186

NOTES

weeks, so little responsibility does one feel for those to whom one has never been introduced; but I was always ashamed when I saw any friend of my own in the theatre. Now I have made my philosopher accept God's will, whatever it is, and find his courage again, and helped by the elaboration of verse, have so changed the fable that it is not false to my own thoughts of the world.

THE END

Printed by R & R. CLARK, LIMITED, Edinburgh.

THE WORKS

OF

WILLIAM BUTLER YEATS

Plays for an Irish Theatre. 8s. 6d. net. Poems. Second Series. 6s. net. Responsibilities and other Poems. 6s. net. The Celtic Twilight. 6s. net. Ideas of Good and Evil. 6s. net. Stories of Red Hanrahan, etc. 6s. net. Reveries over Childhood and Youth. 6s. net. The Tables of the Law. 3s. net. Deirdre. 1s. net. The King's Threshold. 1s. net. Cathleen ni Houlihan. 6d. net. The Hour-Glass. 6d. net. The Pot of Broth. 6d. net. On Baile's Strand. 6d. net. The Green Helmet. 6d. net.

LONDON: MACMILLAN AND CO., LTD.

